THE AGEING POPULATION FUTURE CARE OF ELDERLY

Safety - Dignity - Compassion

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Current Demographics:

It is projected that by 2033 the percentage of the population over age 65 will rise by approximately 50% to become 22% of the total population and over age 85 will more than double to 4% of the total population.

Therefore the prevalence of physical dependency, disability and chronic conditions will also rise proportionately.

Projected UK Age Structure

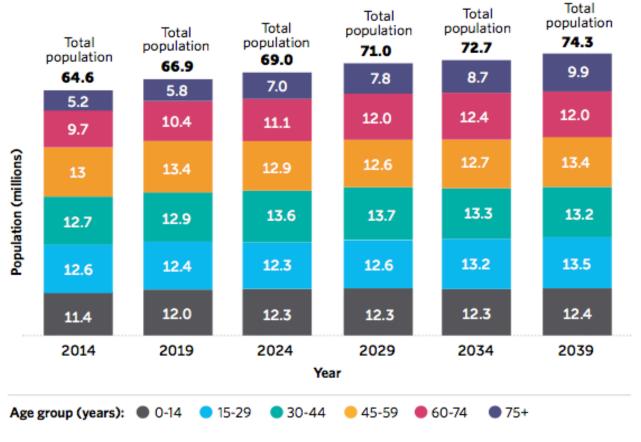
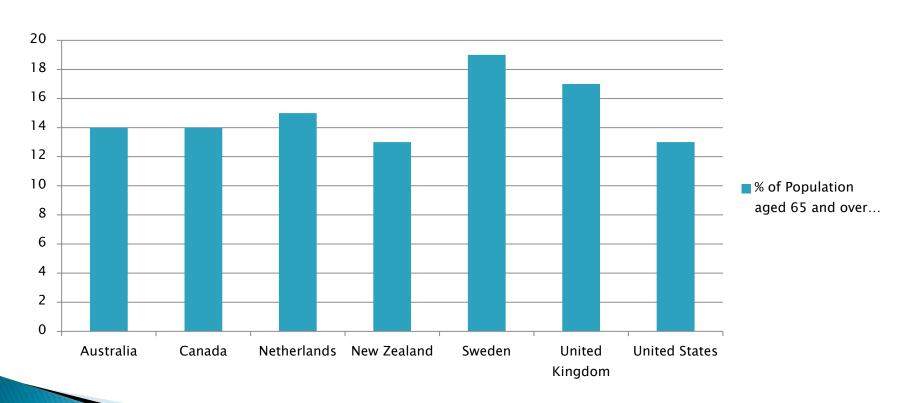


Figure 1.1: Population estimates and projections, based on ONS principal population projections, 2014³.

Demographic Profile ...

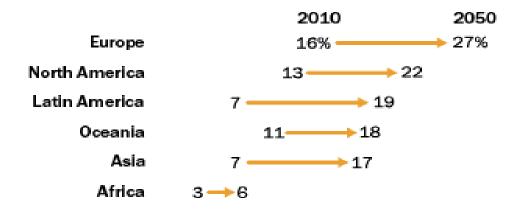
% of population aged 65 and over



Global Ageing

Aging Around the Globe

Share of the population aged 65 or older



Source: United Nations Population Division World Population

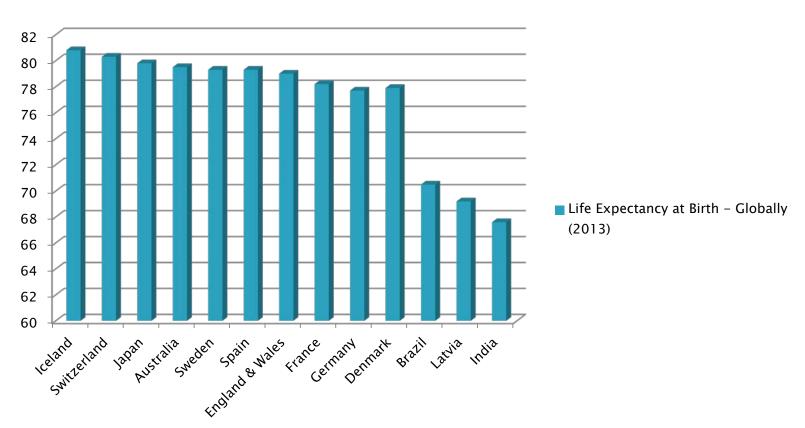
Prospects, 2012 Revision

Note: Caribbean countries are included in Latin America

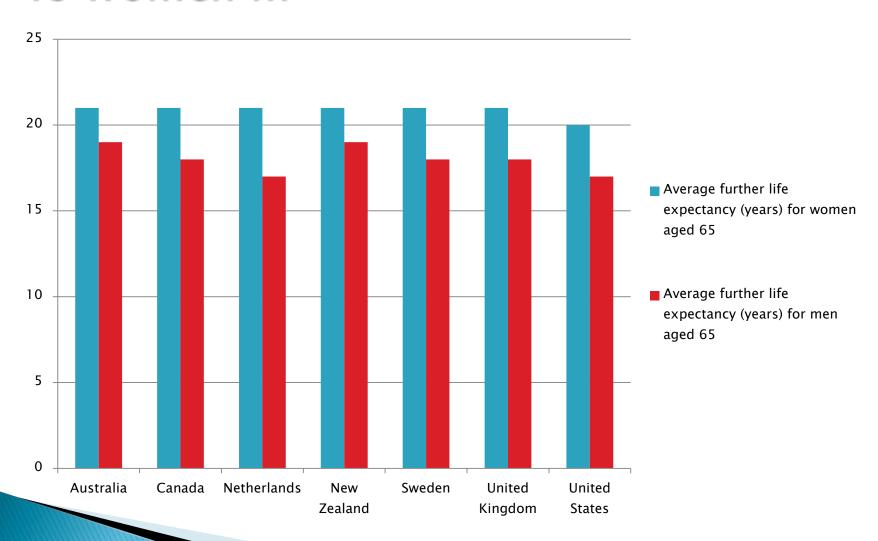
PEW RESEARCH CENTER

Life Expectancy at Birth - Globally

Life Expectancy at Birth - Globally (2013)



Average Further Life Expectancy – Men vs Women ...



Frailty as a Long Term Condition

NOW

FUTURE

'The frail elderly'



Late crisis presentation

Fall, delirium, immobility



Hospital-based episodic care

Disruptive & disjointed

'An Older Person living with frailty' A long-term condition

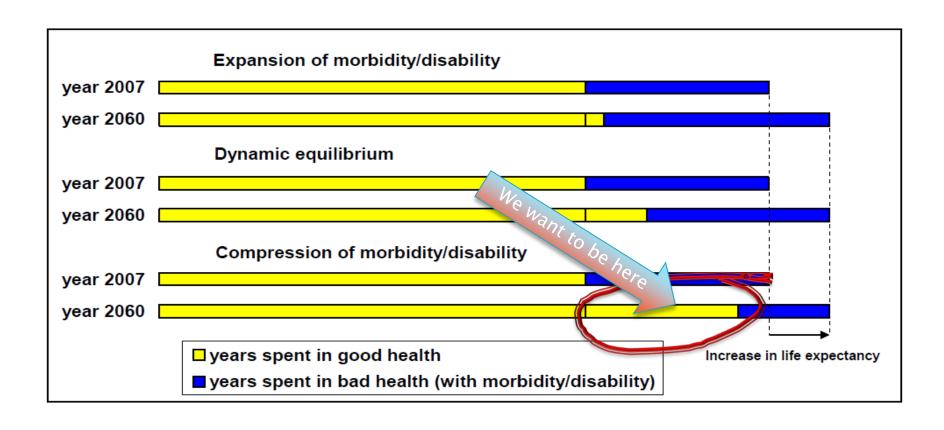


preventative, proactive care, supported self management & personalised care planning

Community based person centred & coordinated

Health + Social +Voluntary+ Mental Health

Policy: Increase Disability-Free Life



Objectives of patient safety education and training interventions, to change:

Knowledge

The state section

Skills

Attitudes

Behaviors

- Understanding and awareness of patient safety – e.g. its various meanings and its importance
- Biomedical knowledge
- Safety theory
- Knowledge of the health system

- Technical skills –
 e.g. quality
 improvement,
 implementation
 skills, etc.
- Non-technical skills – e.g. communication, team work, etc.

- Personal and institutional ownership
- Shared beliefs and values that seek to minimize harm
- Candor on adverse events, and openness to change
- Prioritization of patient safety across the organization, including the leadership
- Adopting a specific set of standardized conducts and responses

Education and Training/Improving Safety

 Education and training of health care and social care workforce on knowledge and skills

 Equal importance of training on human factors, professionalism and attitudes and behaviours.

Age Well

